

### WAFER THINNING MATERIALS WHITE PAPER

# **Honeywell Bulk Silicon Etchant**

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#### **OVERVIEW**

Honeywell Electronic Materials has added a Bulk Silicon Etchant for backside of the wafer etching to its extensive semiconductor processing product portfolio. Honeywell's world-class production facilities and techniques produce an etchant with excellent batch-to-batch product uniformity. This product uniformity results in consistent drum-to-drum and bottle-to-bottle wafer etching characteristics such as etch rate, etch uniformity, and post etch surface roughness.

A stable etcher as well as a consistent etchant is needed to ensure a stable wafer backside etching process. Honeywell Electronic Materials, in collaboration with SEZ America Inc., has completed designed experiments to investigate the effects of equipment parameters on wafer etching performance. The effects of process temperature, chuck rotational speed, etchant flow rate, as well as dispense profile on the silicon etch rate, etch non-uniformity and surface roughness are presented. A SEZ 200mm Model 203 Spin-Processor etcher located at the SEZ America, Inc. research lab in Phoenix, AZ was employed for this study.

#### **DESIGNED EXPERIMENT**

A reduced four-factor, three-level, Box-Behnken response surface employing 20 runs (and 20 wafers) was used. The etcher parameters (factors) and their settings are presented in table I. Column one contains the etcher parameters that were varied. Columns two through four contain the high, middle, and low values respectively of the etcher parameter settings.

Table 1. Etcher Parameters and Their Settings

### **SETTING**

ETCHER PARAMETER	High	Middle	Low
Temperature (°C)	28	25	22
Chuck Speed (RPM)	800	600	400
Flow Rate (L/min.)	2.0	1.8	1.6
Dispense Profile (mm)	80	75	70

The SEZ single-wafer spin-processor dispenses chemistry on to the surface of a wafer, which is rotating on a process chuck. Chuck rotation speed, chemical flow rate, temperature, and dispense profile (track of the chemical dispense nozzle relative to the speed of the track across the wafer) are all highly controlled parameters throughout processing to achieve specific etch characteristics on the wafer. A combination of these parameters dictates etch characteristics, such as etch rate, uniformity, and wrap-around on the bevel edge to the wafer front side.

The average silicon loss, ( $\Delta d$ ), was determined by averaging the difference in wafer thickness at 29 locations on each 200mm wafer prior to and after etching. The silicon etch rate was calculated by dividing the average silicon loss by the etch time. The percent silicon etch non-uniformity, N%, was calculated by employing equation (1)

$$N\% = +/- 100\sigma/\Delta d$$
 (1)

where  $\sigma$  is the standard deviation of the etch measurements. If the wafer center etched faster than the wafer edge, N was assigned a positive value. If the wafer center etched slower than the wafer edge, N was assigned a negative value. The post-etch surface roughness average, Ra, of a wafer was determined by measuring the center of that wafer after etch using a KLA-Tencor P2 profilometer.

#### SILICON ETCH RATE

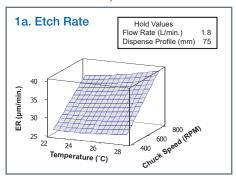
Surface and contour plots of the silicon etch rate of the Honeywell Bulk Silicon Etchant as a function of chuck speed and temperature when the settings of the other tool parameters (flow rate and dispense profile) are held at their middle settings are presented in figures 1a and 1b respectively

(see page 2). The silicon etch rate is primarily determined by the chuck rotational speed. The silicon etch rate, for example, increases from approximately 27 to  $38 \, \mu \text{m/minute}$  as the chuck increases from 400 to 800 RPM while the temperature is held constant at 25°C. The etchant temperature has less of an effect than the chuck speed on the silicon etch rate. The silicon etch rate, for example, only increases from 31 to 33  $\mu \text{m/minute}$  as the temperature increases from 22 to 28°C. while the chuck speed is held constant at 600 RPM.

The flow rate and dispense profile have a small effect on the silicon etch rate. Surface and contour plots of the silicon etch rate as a function of flow rate and dispense profile when the settings of the other tool parameters (chuck speed and temperature) are held at their middle settings are presented in figures 2a and 2b respectively (see page 2). The etch rate, for example, increases from approximately 33 to 34 µm/minute as the dispense profile increases from 70 to 80mm while the flow rate is held constant at 1.8 L/minute. The etch rate barely decreases from 33 to 32.5 µm/minute as the flow rate increases from 1.6 to 2.0 L/minute while the dispense profile is held constant at 75mm.

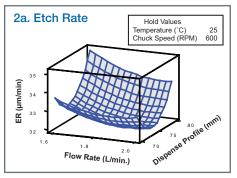
### WAFER THINNING MATERIALS WHITE PAPER: Honeywell Bulk Silicon Etchant

### Silicon Etch Rate, continued



Figures 1a and 1b.

Surface (1a) and contour (1b) plots of the silicon etch rate of the Honeywell Bulk Silicon Etchant as a function of

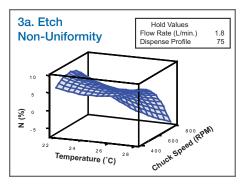


Figures 2a and 2b.

Surface (2a) and contour (2b) plots of the silicon etch rate of the Honeywell Bulk Silicon Etchant as a function of

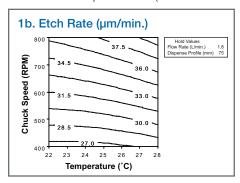
### SILICON ETCH NON-UNIFORMITY

Surface and contour plots of the silicon etch non-uniformity of the Honeywell Bulk Silicon Etchant as a function of chuck speed and temperature when the settings

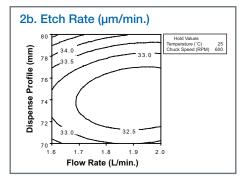


Figures 3a and 3b.

Surface (3a) and contour (3b) plots of the silicon etch non-uniformity of the Honeywell Bulk Silicon Etchant as a function of chuck speed and of the other tool parameters (flow rate and

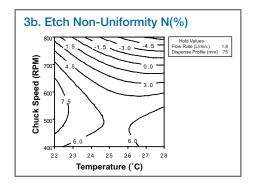


chuck speed and temperature when the settings of the other tool parameters (flow rate and dispense profile) are held at their middle settings.



flow rate and dispense profile when the settings of the other tool parameters (chuck speed and temperature) are held at their middle settings.

dispense profile) are held at their middle settings are presented in figures 3a and 3b respectively. The silicon etch non-uniformity is primarily determined by the chuck rota-



temperature when the settings of the other tool parameters (flow rate and dispense profile) are held at their middle settings.

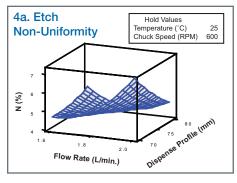
tional speed. The silicon etch non-uniformity, for example, decreases from approximately +6 (center fast) to -4 (center slow) percent as the chuck speed increases from 400 to 800 RPM while the temperature is held constant at 25°C. A chuck speed of 750 RPM and temperature 25°C yields anabsolutely uniform (N = 0) etch. The etchant temperature has a large effect on the silicon etch non-uniformity when the chuck speed is high. The silicon etch nonuniformity decreases from +2 (center fast) to -7 (center slow) percent as the temperature increases from 22 to 28°C, while the chuck speed is held constant at 800 RPM. The etch non-uniformity, however, remains near +6 (center fast) percent as the temperature is increased from 22 to 28°C. while the chuck speed is held constant at 400 RPM.

The flow rate and dispense profile have a small effect on the silicon etch non-uniformity. Surface and contour plots of the etch uniformity as a function of flow rate and dispense profile when the settings of the other tool parameters (chuck speed and temperature) are held at their middle settings are presented in figures 4a and 4b respectively (see page 3). The etch nonuniformity, for example, decreases from approximately +5.25 (center fast) to +4.5 (center fast) percent as the dispense profile increases from 70 to 80mm while the flow rate is held constant at 1.8 L/minute. The etch uniformity increases from +4.25 (center fast) to +5.75 (center fast) percent as the flow rate increases from 1.6 to 2.0 L/minute while the dispense profile is held constant at 75mm.

### POST ETCH SURFACE ROUGHNESS AVERAGE

Surface and contour plots of the post etch surface roughness average, Ra, of the Honeywell Bulk Silicon Etchant as a function of chuck speed and dispense profile when the settings of the other tool parameters (flow rate and temperature) are held at their middle settings are presented in figures 5a and 5b respectively. When the dispense profile is large, Ra decreases with increasing chuck rotational speed.

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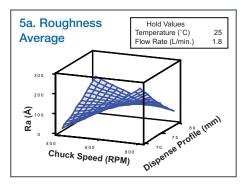


### Figures 4a and 4b.

Surface (4a) and contour (4b) plots of the silicon etch non-uniformity of the Honeywell Bulk Silicon Etchant as a function of flow rate and dispense

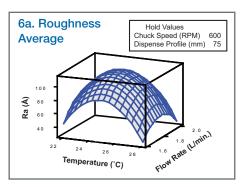
# Post Etch Surface Roughness Average, continued

For example, Ra decreases from approximately 170 to 60Å as the chuck increases from 400 to 800 RPM while the dispense



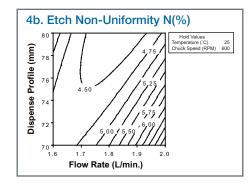
#### Figures 5a and 5b.

Surface (5a) and contour (5b) plots of the post etch surface roughness average, Ra, of the Honeywell Bulk Silicon Etchant as a function of chuck



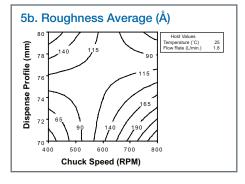
#### Figures 6a and 6b.

Surface (6a) and contour (6b) plots of the post etch surface roughness average, Ra, of the Honeywell Bulk Silicon Etchant as a function of flow

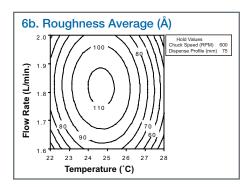


profile when the settings of the other tool parameters (chuck speed and temperature) are held at their middle settings.

profile is held constant at 80mm. When the dispense profile is small, Ra increases with increasing chuck rotational speed. Ra increases from approximately 35 to 260Å



speed and dispense profile when the settings of the other tool parameters (flow rate and temperature) are held at their middle settings.



rate and temperature when the settings of the other tool parameters (chuck speed and dispense profile) are held at their middle settings. as the chuck increases from 400 to 800 RPM while the dispense profile is held constant at 70mm. When the dispense profile is set at 75mm, Ra remains approximately constant at 110Å with increasing chuck rotational speed.

The flow rate and temperature have a smaller effect on Ra. Surface and contour plots of Ra as a function of flow rate and temperature when the settings of the other tool parameters (chuck speed and dispense profile) are held at their middle settings are presented in figures 6a and 6b respectively. The maximum Ra of 110Å occurs near the middle temperature and flow rate settings. Changing either the temperature or flow rate settings results in a small decrease in the surface roughness value.

## SUMMARY AND ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

Honeywell is producing a Bulk Silicon Etchant with excellent batch-to-batch product uniformity. A designed experiment study has been completed to investigate the effects of etcher parameters on wafer etching performance. This study has shown that the silicon etch rate as well as etch non-uniformity are functions primarily of the chuck rotational speed. The silicon etch rate increases and the etch non-uniformity decreases (i.e. the etch becomes more uniform) with increasing chuck speed.

In addition, this study has shown that the post etch surface roughness is a function of the chuck speed and dispense profile. When the dispense profile is small, surface roughness increases with increasing chuck speed. When the dispense profile is large, surface roughness decreases with increasing chuck speed.

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